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Estimation of Alkaline Phosphatase Enzymes Level in the Femoral Transverse Fractures Healing in Rabbits

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Abstract:

This project was designed to estimate alkaline phosphatase (ALP) enzymes level during fractures healing in rabbits .fourteen adult male rabbits were employed to induce transverse fractures in the femoral bone, and fixed with intramedullary pinning. The evaluation was done by daily clinical observation, weekly radiography, histopathological examination, and weekly serum ALP enzymes measurment. The clinical observation revealed local inflammatory signs, loss appetite and difficult to walk two days p. o. then re-use the limb gradually next week's with normal physiological activity, the radiographic findings revealed new bone formation that visible at the end of 2nd week p. o. which increase in volume and density next weeks until the boney bridge formation at the end of 4th week, the radiological union created at the end of 6th week p. o. , the histopathological examination showed osteoid deposition and immature trabecular bone formation with highly differentiated osteoblast cells at the end of the 2nd week p. o. which converted to mature and lamellar bone formation at the end of the 4th week ,while at the end of the 8th and 10th wk p. o. increase lamellar bone formation, with less of the osteoblast cells ,the serial mean serum ALP enzyme measurement



first week prior to the operation was 41.15 ± 3.57 C, which increased to 99.50 ± 0.89 b end of 1st week, and 96.00 ± 1.48 b end of 2nd week, reach 108.00 ± 7.30 b end of 3rd week, and 213.00 ± 0.68 a end of 4th week, 192.00 ± 23.55 a end of 6th week, 96.10 ± 1.45 b end of 8th week, 96.10 ± 18.07 b end of 10th week. of the peak of ALP revealed significant increase at the end of 4th and 6th week p. o. at $P < 0.05$, compare with the other weeks, and the mean value of all week significant at $P < 0.05$ compare with the first week prior to operation. The conclusion serum ALP enzyme is a bio marker indicators of fractures healing stages, and have a positive correlation with the osteoblast cells activity and bone formation.

Key words: Transverse fracture of femoral bone, ALP enzyme level, radiological union, lamellar bone formation. ALP biomarker.

Introduction:

Fractures are a medical condition associated with a broken of bone continuity, result from impact force, stress, or from a certain medical condition that weaken the bones, as in osteoporosis, bone cancer, or imperfect angiogenesis in pathological fracture (Marshall and Browner, 2012).

Many developments of internal fixation methods animal fractures like intramedullary pins, stainless steel wires, bones plates with screws, interlocking nails, in attempt to stabilization, minimized tissue trauma and promote biologic osteosynthesis (Stiftler, 2004).

(Nazht,1992) used PGF2 alpha in promoting fractures healing in dogs, or using PGE2 in promote bone resorption in the remodeling phase of rabbits long bones fractures (Nazht,2000), the same author applied low level laser therapy (LLLT) to promote fracture healing in the distal third of the radius bones in doge (Nazht et al., 2016; Nazht and Hamed, 2017). Or evaluate the effect of LLLT on the osteoblast cells in healing defect of the mandible bones of rabbits (Nazht, 2013), or study the effect of the LLLT on the xeno-bone implantation in femoral fractures in rabbits (Nazht et al., 2018 a) or evaluate the positive effect of the LLLT on the chronic defect in rabbits tibial bone (Nazht et al., 2018 b) or used xeno sheep bony implantation for fill and treat femoral defect (Nazht et al., 2018 c).

Fractures healing process can be detected clinically by estimation serial serum ALP level and can be indicators for osteoblastic and cellular activity and differentiation. ALP increase 2 days post stimulation with increases of osteoblastic cells up to 14 days (Komnenan et al., 2005), and could be used in predicting fractures in delayed / nonunion of simple diaphyseal fractures (Nishizawa et al., 2013; Singh Ajai, 2013).

While (Chiba, 2001) mention that the serum ALP is high 10 to 14 days after fracture in fibrous tissue cells adjacent to newly bone formation, and in osteoblasts cells on the surface of newly trabecular bone formation, but not in the hematoma during the inflammation phase of fracture healing, while (Muljacic et al., 2010) refer that the Volume of Callus formation correlates with BALP enzymes which determined radiographically in fracture healing processing at the end of the 2nd and 4th weeks.



(Singh Ajai et al., 2013) observed significant increase serum ALP levels in the normal bone union group as compared with the delayed healing group. Komnenou et al. in (2005) refer that the serum ALP activity was determined throughout the healing process of long bone diaphyseal fractures in their research on dogs and human.

(Marcos et al., 2008) refer that fractures healing processing can be evaluated by histomorphometric study which shows intense cellularity, and large amount of woven bone with a small amount of lamellar bone, At two weeks there was a decrease in woven bone with increase in lamellar bone, while at four weeks there was a decrease cellularity and the lamellar bone exceeded the quantity of woven bone.

The mechanism of ALP enzyme is by increase the local concentration of inorganic phosphate (a mineralization promoter), and decrease extracellular concentration of pyrophosphate (an inhibitor of mineral formation), it located outside plasma membrane, and matrix vesicles membrane (Ellis Kathleen, 2007). ALP contains many growth factors, (Zimmermann et al. 2005), and it is an important component in hard tissue formation, highly expressed in mineralized tissue cells (Cristina et al., 2015).

The aim of this project was to estimate the serial serum ALP enzymes level during fracture healing processing and its correlations with osteoblast cells activities and new bone formation in induced transverse femoral fracture in rabbits.

Materials and methods:

Fourteen adult local breed rabbits were employed to induced a transverse fracture in the mid shift in the femoral bone with highly aseptic technique under general anesthesia by intramuscular administration of both, 17mg/kg B.W. of 2% xylazine hydrochloride and 35mg/kg B.W. of 10% ketamine hydrochloride respectively. The two fracture fragments were fixed internally by intramedullary pin

Surgical operation:

Prepare the thigh region, by clipping, shaving, wash with tape water and soap .then disinfect the area by 70% alcohol , 4 cm length skin incisions was made laterally ,and the subcutaneous tissues was dissected ,the fascia lata was incised ,the femoral muscles were bluntly dissected all around the femoral diaphysis, the periostium was incised and exposed the femoral bone by inserting two scalpels below the femoral bone. Complete transverse fracture was induced by electrical saw with dipping sterile normal saline to prevent the thermal necrosis (Fig 1 A and B), the two bone fragments were fixed with intramedullary pins ,apply local antibiotics powder, the femoral muscles and the fascia lata were closed by simple continuous suture pattern using 2/0 absorbable suture materials ,the skin closed by simple interrupted suture pattern by using 2/0 non absorbable suture materials

Post operative care:

1. Daily checking operative site from complication(swelling bleeding dehiscence).

2. Systemic antibiotics by intramuscular injection lincomycine for 3 days p. o.
3. Remove the suture materials 8 days p. o.
4. Removed internal pins after radiological union at the end of the 6th week's p. o.

Post operative examination:

1. Daily clinical observation for limb gate, lameness ,normal physiological functions
2. Weekly radiography at the end of 2nd, 4th, 6th, 8th, and 10th wks p. o.(by lateral recumbence(medio-lateral view)at dosage of Kv=48-53/Mas=2.20-4/F.F.D= 30cm).
3. Histopathological examination at the end of, 2nd, 4th, 8th, and 10th wk sp. o. (two rabbits for each week, which euthanized by high dosage of general anaesthesia).
4. Serum ALP level measurement at 0 times prior to induced transverse fracture then at the end of the 1st wk.,2nd wk. ,3rd wk.4th wk.,6th wk. ,8th wk. , and 10th wk p. o. . (Collecting 3-5ml blood from the heart and the serum ALP enzymes measured in the private clinical pathology lab).

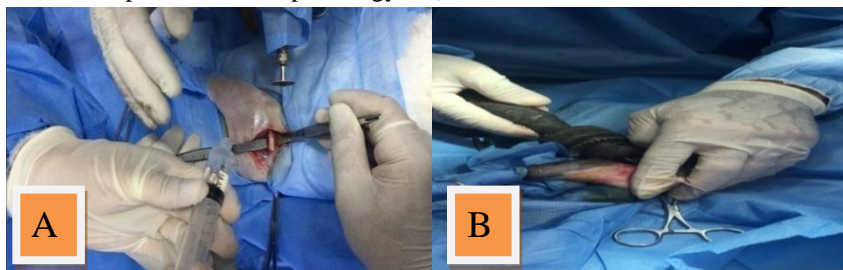


Figure 1 stages of the surgical operation, A. Exposed femoral bone to induced transverse fracture by electrical saw and cooling by normal saline, B. intramedullary pinning.

Results:

1. The clinical observation :

- Swelling at the surgical site immediately p. o. with body depression, refused to eat, difficult to move, and hold the effected limb during standing.
- The animals retained to eat with normal physiological behaviors 2-3 days p. o.
- The local inflammatory signs disappear 3-5 days p. o.
- The surgical incision healed satisfactory without complications 7-10 day's p. o.
- The animals support the affected limb during stopping at the end of the first week and hold it during walking ,in the second week the animals use the affected limb during walking but hold it during running .while At the end of the third week and beginning of the fourth week p. o. the animals normally use the affected limb in walking and running.
- At the end of the sixth week remove the intramedullary pin , and the animal normally used the limb in walking running and can bear the weight.

2. The radiographic finding:

- End of second week p. o.



The periosteal reaction was visible which revealed new bone formation characterized by low bone density that started from the proximal and distal fractures segments toward the fracture site (Fig. 2). The fractures segments were well fixed with proper alignment by the intramedullary pinning which filled about 60-70% of the marrow canal

- **End of the fourth week p. o.**

Increase volume and density of callus formation, but still not cover the fracture line, the fracture line disappears with sclerotic area, the fracture fragments well alignment, fixed and stable by the intramedullary pin (Fig. 3).

- **End of sixth week p. o.**

Radiological union created, the bony bridge formation covered the two segments with increase of bone density and stopped in formation bony callus, sclerotic area at the site of fracture line, widening of cortex (Fig. 4).

- **End of 8th wk two months p. o.**

Two weeks after removing the intramedullary pinning show well alignment of the two femoral fragments with increase density of the new bone formation, widening the cortex around the fracture line (Fig. 5).

- **The end of 10th wk p. o.**

Remodeling stages achieved by stopping new bone formation, increase density, smooth border, sclerotic area at the fracture line with increase the cortical bone (Fig. 6).

3. The histopathological examination:

- **The end of the 2nd wk p. o.**

Increase in the differentiated osteoblast cells that lining the inner border of thin wall of immature trabecular bone formation with, large empty cavities filled with vascularized fibrous connective tissues (Fig. 7).

- **The end of the 4th wk. p. o.**

Less of immature bone formation which converted to the lamellar bone with a lot of osteoblast cells but less than in the second week p. o (Fig. 8).

- **The end of the 8th wk. p. o.**

Lamellar bone formation with compact bone formation little of the osteoblast cells, less in the cavity inside the new bone formation (Fig. 9).

- **The end of the 10th wk p. o.**

Lamellar bone formation with Haversian systems, blood vessels in the Haversian canal with the osteocytes cells inside the lacuna (Fig. 10).

4. The serum ALP enzymes level measurements:

The weekly statistical analysis of mean value of ALP enzymes done by SAS (2012). The serial mean value of ALP enzyme significantly increased at ($P < 0.05$) from the end of 1st week until end of 10th week p. o, compare with the 1st week prior to the operation (Fig. 11). The

peak level was detected in the 4th week then the level was decreased in the 6th week , but still it significant compare with others week (Fig. 12).at end of 8th and 10th weeks more decrease but above the mean value in the first weak prior to operation.



Figure 2. Radiographic image end of second week p. o. periosteal reaction well appears yellow arrow visible fracture line,with smooth end fractures fragments



Figure 3. Radiographic image end of fourth week p. o. increase in volume and density of the new bone formation red arrow, the fracture line disappear with high sclerotic area.

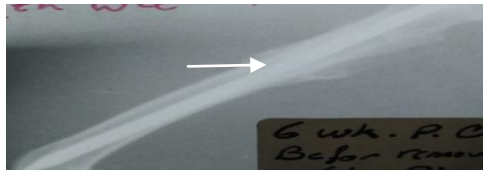


Figure 4 . Radiographic image end of sixth week p. o. radiological union white arrow represents bony bridge formation; with hard callus formation

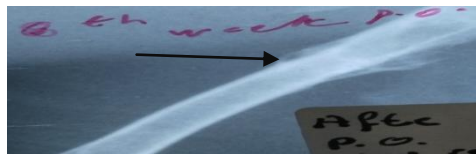


Figure 5. End of the eight week p. o. two week after remove the intramedullary pins, represents sclerotic area at the fracture line incorporation of the cortex black arrow with continuous of the remodeling phase.

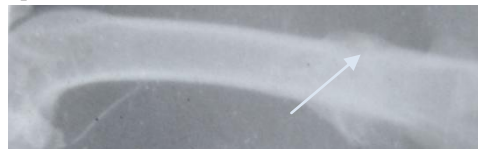


Figure 6. Radiographic image end of tenth week p. o. increase of cortex at the fracture site gray arrow.

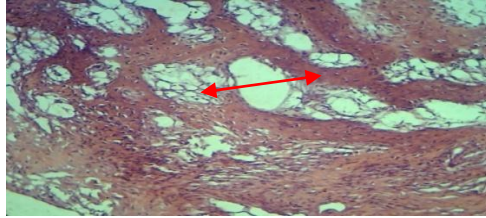


Figure 7. Histopathological section end of 2nd week p. o. immature trabecular bone formation red double head arrow, osteoblasts cells lining at the bone surface (H&E ×10)

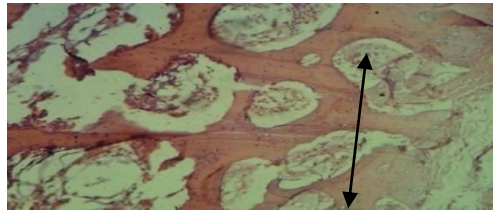


Figure 8. Histopathological section end of 4th week p. o. trabecular new bone formation with thick wall converted to lamellar bone, lining with osteoblast double head black arrow (H&E ×10).

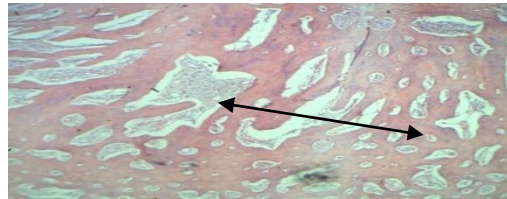


Figure 9. Histopathological section end of 8th week p. o. the fracture line filled with the new trabecular bone formation , lamellar bone formation ,with cavity filled with vascular connective tissues black double head arrow (H&E ×10).

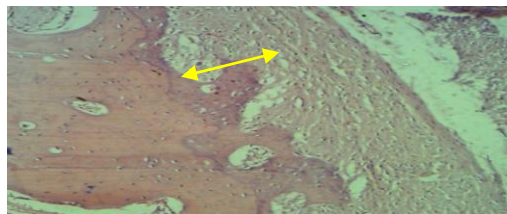


Figure 10. Histopathological section end of 10th week p. o. represents lamellar bone formation .

Enzyme level during healing process

—	Time / week							
	0	End Wk1	End Wk2	End Wk3	End Wk4	End Wk6	End Wk8	End Wk10
	Mean							
	41.15±3.57c	99.50±0.89b	96.00±1.48b	108.00±7.30b	213.00±0.68a	192.00±23.55a	96.10±1.45b	96.10±18.07b

Figure 11 table of the mean value of ALP during healing processing

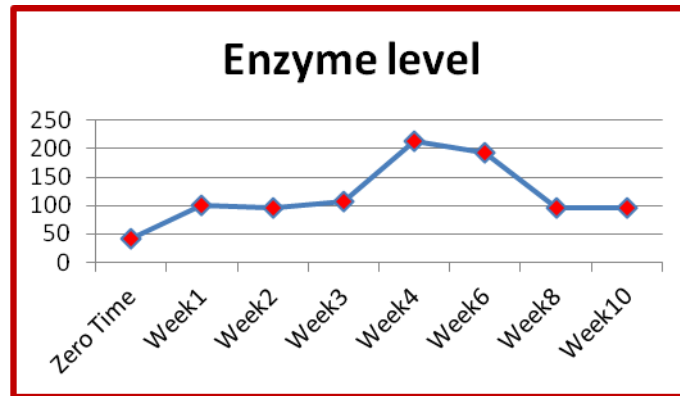


Figure 12 graphic of weekly mean distribution of ALP enzymes during fractures healing .

Discussion:

The clinical observation first day's p. o. quickly retained to normal two to three days p. o., and the animals re-used the limb gradually next days and weeks, these note agree with (Lastayo et al., 2003) that The operated rabbits hold the affected limb during movement within two days p. o. then they began to use it in movement and support the weight 7th day p. o., in which lameness disappear gradually in stable fractures

Femoral fracture that fixed by intramedullary pinning well fixed, stable, easy and popular to use agree with (Christodoulou et al., 2005) that internal fixation has 97% rate of using in femur and tibia . And healing by indirect (secondary) fractures healing by callus formation (Gerstenfeld et al., 2006) The healing processing is enhanced by micro motion and weight-bearing. (Pape et al., 2002; Perren, 2002; Green et al., 2005).

The callus formation visible radiographically at the end of the 2nd week p. o. that increase in volume and become denser next weeks and reach the peak at the end of 4th week, and at 6th week p. o. radiological union created these conducted with (Gerstenfeld et al., 2006) that callus formation progresses and becomes more solid and mechanically rigid with cartilage calcification and replaced by woven bone.

(Chiba, 2001) refer ALP is elevated 10 to 14 days after fracture due to proliferation and activation of osteoblasts cells on the of newly formed trabecular bone surface. that lead to osteoid formation and enhance mineralization. these also agree with Muljadic and his group in 2010 that the volume of callus correlates with level of BALP and reflected the increase on defect density radio graphically using image j at the end of 2 and 4 weeks and at computerized tomography at the end of 4th week.



The serial increase of serum ALP enzymes during fractures healing compare with 0 time, were combined with osteoblasts cells activity with new bone formation radiographically and histopathologically, agree with (Kurdy, 2000; Komnenou et al., 2005; Singh Ajai et al., 2013) that serum ALP activity was determined throughout the healing process. and was significantly increased at the end of 2weeks in tibial fracture up to 10th week after the trauma.

The results of histopathological examination were conducted with (Marcos et al., 2008) that in the first week of fracture healing intense cellularity and woven bone formation, At four weeks decrease in woven bone and increase in lamellar bone and decrease of cellularity, and at the end of healing processes the lamellar bone exceeded the quantity of woven bone with less of the osteoblast cells.

The elevation of the ALP level at the 3rd week p. o. that contain many growth factors lead to osteoid deposition and mineralization and convert the immature trabecular bone to the mature ones that determined radiographically by increase in density and volume of bony callus around the fracture line, agree with (Zimmermann et al., 2005).

The peak of ALP enzymes level at the 4th week p. o. achieved histopathologically by converted immature trabecular bone to mature trabecular bone formation with heavy of osteoblast cells, and radiographicly achieved by increase volume and density of callus formation with disappear of fracture line ,these conducted with (Singh Ajai et al. ,2013) That serial increase serum ALP is a bio marker indicators for fractures healing .

At the end of 6th week p. o. ALP decline companied with lamellar bone formation, decrease in the osteoblast cells , achieved radiographically by bony bridge formation, disappear fracture line, stopped of callus formation and starting of the remodeling phase . these agree with (Komnenan et al ., 2005) serum ALP responsible for both, bone matrix formation and mineralization, with positive correlation progression of fracture healing processing

At the end of 8th and 10th week p. o. ALP declines but still above the 0 time level and achieved histopathologically by lamellar bone formation with less osteoblast cells, and radiographically which shown sclerotic area at the fracture line with starting the remodeling phase. These agree with (Komnenan et al ., 2005). That during fractures healing stages the weekly elevation of serum ALP enzymes has a positive correlation osteoblast cells activation and differentiate with new bone formation.

Conclusions:

Serum ALP enzyme is bio markers indictors of fractures healing stages, and has a positive correlation with the osteoblast cells activity and new bone formation.

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